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8	BEFORE THE		
9	BOARD OF REGISTERED NURSING DEPARTMENT OF CONSUMER AFFAIRS		
10	STATE OF CALIFORNIA		
11		Case No. 2011-	181
12	In the Matter of the Accusation Against:	•	
13	HEATHER SHEA HADLEY	ACCUSATION	·
14	10497 Steeplechase Drive		
	Gulfport, MS 39503		
15	Registered Nurse License No. 671530		
16	Respondent.		
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18			
19	,		
20	Complainant alleges:		
21	<u>PARTIES</u>		
22	1. Louise R. Bailey, M.Ed., RN (Compl	lainant) brings this Accus	ation solely in her
23	official capacity as the Interim Executive Officer of the Board of Registered Nursing, Departmen		
24	of Consumer Affairs.		
25	2. On or about January 3, 2006, the Boa	ard of Registered Nursing	issued Registered
26	Nurse License Number 671530 to Heather Shea Hadley (Respondent). The Registered Nurse		
27	License was in full force and effect at all times relevant to the charges brought herein and will		
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20	expire on April 30, 2011, unless renewed.		;
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#### **JURISDICTION**

- 3. This Accusation is brought before the Board of Registered Nursing (Board), Department of Consumer Affairs, under the authority of the following laws. All section references are to the Business and Professions Code unless otherwise indicated.
- 4. Section 2750 of the Business and Professions Code ("Code") provides, in pertinent part, that the Board may discipline any licensee, including a licensee holding a temporary or an inactive license, for any reason provided in Article 3 (commencing with section 2750) of the Nursing Practice Act.
- 5. Section 2764 of the Code provides, in pertinent part, that the expiration of a license shall not deprive the Board of jurisdiction to proceed with a disciplinary proceeding against the licensee or to render a decision imposing discipline on the license.
  - 6. Section 2811(b) of the Code states:

Each such license not renewed in accordance with this section shall expire but may within a period of eight years thereafter be reinstated upon payment of the biennial renewal fee and penalty fee required by this chapter and upon submission of such proof of the applicant's qualifications as may be required by the board, except that during such eight-year period no examination shall be required as a condition for the reinstatement of any such expired license which has lapsed solely by reason of nonpayment of the renewal fee. After the expiration of such eight-year period the board may require as a condition of reinstatement that the applicant pass such examination as it deems necessary to determine his present fitness to resume the practice of professional nursing.

# STATUTORY PROVISIONS

7. Section 2761 of the Code states:

"The board may take disciplinary action against a certified or licensed nurse or deny an application for a certificate or license for any of the following:

- "(a) Unprofessional conduct ....
- 8. Section 2762 of the Code states:

In addition to other acts constituting unprofessional conduct within the meaning of this chapter [the Nursing Practice Act], it is unprofessional conduct for a person licensed under this chapter to do any of the following:

(a) Obtain or possess in violation of law, or prescribe, or except as directed by a

licensed physician and surgeon, dentist, or podiatrist administer to himself or herself, or furnish or administer to another, any controlled substance as defined in Division 10 (commencing with Section 11000) of the Health and Safety Code or any dangerous drug or dangerous device as defined in Section 4022.

- (e) Falsify, or make grossly incorrect, grossly inconsistent, or unintelligible entries in any hospital, patient, or other record pertaining to the substances described in subdivision (a) of this section."
- 9. Health and Safety Code section 11173, subdivision (a) states:

No person shall obtain or attempt to obtain controlled substances, or procure or attempt to procure the administration of or prescription for controlled substances (1) by fraud, deceit, misrepresentation, or subterfuge; or (2) by the concealment of a material fact.

10. Health and Safety Code section 11350, subdivision (a)(1) states:

Except as otherwise provided in this division, every person who possesses (1) any controlled substance specified in subdivision (b) or (c), or paragraph (1) of subdivision (f) of Section 11054, specified in paragraph (14), (15), or (20) of subdivision (d) of Section 11054, or specified in subdivision (b) or (c) of Section 11055, or specified in subdivision (h) of Section 11056, or (2) any controlled substance classified in Schedule III, IV, or V which is a narcotic drug, unless upon the written prescription of a physician, dentist, podiatrist, or veterinarian licensed to practice in this state, shall be punished by imprisonment in the state prison.

### COST RECOVERY

11. Section 125.3 of the Code provides, in pertinent part, that the Board may request the administrative law judge to direct a licentiate found to have committed a violation or violations of the licensing act to pay a sum not to exceed the reasonable costs of the investigation and enforcement of the case.

#### DRUGS

- 12. Ativan, the brand name for lorazepam, is a Schedule IV controlled substance as designated by Health and Safety Code section 11057(d)(16), and is a dangerous drug pursuant to Business and Professions Code section 4022. Ativan is used in the treatment of anxiety disorders and for short-term (up to 4 months) relief of the symptoms of anxiety.
- 13. Dilaudid, a brand name for hydromorphone, is a Schedule II controlled substance as designated by Health and Safety Code Section 11055(b)(1)(K) and is a dangerous drug pursuant

to Business and Professions Code section 4022. Dilaudid is a narcotic analysesic prescribed for the relief of moderate to severe pain.

14. Xanax, a brand name for alprazolam, is a Schedule IV controlled substance as designated by Health and Safety Code section 11057(d)(1), and is a dangerous drug pursuant to Business and Professions Code section 4022. Alprazolam is used for the management of anxiety disorders of the short-term relief of symptoms of anxiety.

## **FACTUAL ALLEGATIONS**

- 15. Respondent was employed by Clinical Staffing Services as a traveling nurse and was given an assignment as a Registered Nurse at Orange Coast Memorial Medical Center (OCMMC). On or around June 15, 2009, the Telemetry Manager at OCMMC received reports that Respondent exhibited unusual behavior at work, including making frequent withdrawals of narcotic medications only to return or waste them within minutes after the withdrawal. These reports prompted an internal investigation at OCMMC. Following an audit of the Acudose-Rx<sup>1</sup> records, patient's Medication Administration Records (MAR) and physician's orders, the OCMMC Telemetry Manager discovered the following discrepancies attributed to Respondent:
- 16. Patient 1: This patient had physician orders for 1 mg (IV) of Dilaudid PRN (as needed) for pain. On May 31, 2009 at 0133 hours, Respondent removed 1 mg (IV) of Dilaudid for this patient from the Acudose machine, even though she was not assigned to this patient. Respondent failed to document administration of the medication on the patient's MAR. There is no record of wastage of this medication. Thus, 1 mg (IV) of Dilaudid is unaccounted for.
- 17. Patient 2: This patient had physician's orders for 1 tablet of Alprazolam .25 mg as needed for anxiety or insomnia. On May 31, 2009 at 0239 hours, Respondent removed 1 tablet of Alprazolam .25 mg for this patient from the Acudose machine. Respondent failed to document

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Acudose-Rx is a trade name for the automated single-unit dose medication dispensing system that records information such as the patient name, physician orders, date and time medication was withdrawn and the name of the licensed individual who withdrew and administered the medication. Each user is given a "user ID" code to operate the control panel. The user is required to enter a second code "PIN" number, similar to an ATM machine, in order to gain access to the medications. Sometimes only portions of the withdrawn narcotics are given to the patient. The portions not given to the patient are referred to as wastage. This waste must be witnessed by another authorized user and is also recorded by the Acudose-Rx machine.

the administration of this medication on the patient's MAR. There is no record of wastage of this medication. Thus, 1 tablet of Alprazolam .25 mg is unaccounted for.

- 18. Patient 3: From May 31, 2009 through June 3, 2009, the following five discrepancies were discovered:
- a. On May 31, 2009, Respondent was not assigned to this patient. The patient had physician orders for 2 mg (IV) Dilaudid prn (as needed) for pain. On May 31, 2009 at 0601 hours, Respondent removed from the Acudose machine for this patient a 1 mg carpuject syringe of Dilaudid. Respondent failed to document administration of this medication on the patient's MAR. There is no record of wastage of this medication. Thus, 1 mg of Dilaudid is unaccounted for.
- b. On June 1, 2009, Respondent was assigned to this patient. The patient had physician orders for 2 mg (IV) Dilaudid for pain. On June 1, 2009 at 1949 hours, Respondent removed from the Acudose machine for this patient a 2 mg carpuject syringe of Dilaudid. Respondent failed to document administration of this medication on the patient's MAR. There is no record of wastage of this medication. Thus, 2 mg of Dilaudid is unaccounted for.
- c. On June 2, 2009, this patient had physician orders for 2 mg (IV) Dilaudid for pain. On June 2, 2009 at 0702 hours, Respondent removed from the Acudose machine for this patient a 2 mg carpuject syringe of Dilaudid. Respondent failed to document administration of this medication on the patient's MAR. There is no record of wastage of this medication. Thus, 2 mg of Dilaudid is unaccounted for.
- d. On June 2, 2009, this patient had physician orders for 2 mg (IV) Dilaudid for pain. On June 2, 2009 at 1953 hours, Respondent removed from the Acudose machine for this patient a 2 mg carpuject syringe of Dilaudid. Respondent failed to document administration of this medication on the patient's MAR. There is no record of wastage of this medication. Thus, 2 mg of Dilaudid is unaccounted for.
- e. On June 3, 2009, this patient had physician orders for 2 mg (IV) Dilaudid for pain. On June 3, 2009 at 0101 hours, Respondent removed from the Acudose machine for this patient a 2 mg carpuject syringe of Dilaudid. Respondent failed to document administration of

this medication on the patient's MAR. There is no record of wastage of this medication. Thus, 2 mg of Dilaudid is unaccounted for.

- 19. Patient 4: On May 31, 2009 and June 3, 2009, there were two discrepancies discovered as follows:
- a. On May 31, 2009, Respondent was not assigned to this patient. This patient had physician orders for .5 mg (IV) of Dilaudid prn (as needed) for pain. On May 31, 2009 at 0601 hours, Respondent removed 1 mg carpuject syringe of Dilaudid. Respondent failed to document administration of this medication on the patient's MAR. There is no record of wastage of this medication. Thus 1 mg of Dilaudid is unaccounted for.
- b. On June 3, 2009, Respondent was not assigned to this patient. This patient had physician orders for .5 mg (IV) Dilaudid. On June 3, 2009 at 0101 hours, Respondent removed from the Acudose machine for this patient 1 mg carpuject syringe of Dilaudid. Respondent failed to document administration of this medication on the patient's MAR. There is no record of wastage of this medication. Thus, 1 mg of Dilaudid is unaccounted for.
- 20. Patient 5: From June 2, 2009 through June 3, 2009, Respondent was not assigned to this patient; however, the following two discrepancies were discovered:
- a. On June 2, 2009, this patient had physician orders of 2 mg (IV) of Dilaudid. On June 2, 2009 at 0700 hours, Respondent removed from the Acudose machine for this patient 2 mg carpuject syringe of Dilaudid. Respondent failed to document administration of this medication on the patient's MAR. There is no record of wastage of this medication. Thus, 2 mg of Dilaudid are unaccounted for.
- b. On June 3, 2009, this patient had physician orders of 2 mg (IV) of Dilaudid prn (as needed) for pain. On June 3, 2009 at 0648 hours, Respondent removed from the Acudose machine for this patient 2 mg carpuject syringe of Dilaudid. Respondent failed to document administration of this medication on the patient's MAR. There is no record of wastage of this medication. Thus, 2 mg of Dilaudid are unaccounted for.
- 21. Patient 6: On June 3, 2009, Respondent was not assigned to this patient. This patient had physician orders for 2 mg (IV) of Dilaudid prn (as needed) for pain. On June 3, 2009

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at 0646 hours, Respondent removed 1 mg carpuject syringe of Dilaudid from the Acudose machine for this patient. Respondent failed to document administration of this medication on the patient's MAR. There is no record of wastage of this medication. Thus, 1 mg of Dilaudid is unaccounted for.

- 22. Patient 7: On June 8, 2009, Respondent was not assigned to this patient. This patient had physician orders for 1 mg (IV) of Dilaudid. On June 8, 2009 at 2223 hours, Respondent removed 1 mg carpuject syringe of Dilaudid from the Acudose machine for this patient. Respondent failed to document administration of this medication on the patient's MAR. There is no record of wastage of this medication. Thus, 1 mg of Dilaudid is unaccounted for.
- 23. Patient 8: On June 11, 2009, this patient had physician orders for 2 mg (IV) of Dilaudid. On June 11, 2009 at 0250 hours, Respondent removed 2 mg carpuject syringe of Dilaudid from the Acudose machine for this patient. Respondent failed to document administration of this medication on the patient's MAR. There is no record of wastage of this medication. Thus, 2 mg of Dilaudid is unaccounted for.
- 24. Patient 9: On June 11, 2009, this patient had physician orders for 2 mg (IV) of Dilaudid. On June 11, 2009 at 0707 hours, Respondent removed from the Acudose machine for this patient 2 mg carpuject syringe of Dilaudid for this patient. Respondent failed to document administration of this medication on the patient's MAR. There is no record of wastage of this medication. Thus, 2 mg of Dilaudid are unaccounted for.
- 25. Patient 10: On June 13, 2009, Respondent was not assigned to this patient. This patient had physician orders for 1 mg (IV) of Dilaudid. On June 13, 2009 at 0747 hours, Respondent removed from the Acudose machine for this patient 1 mg carpuject syringe of Dilaudid. Respondent failed to document administration of this medication on the patient's MAR. There is no record of wastage. Therefore, 1 mg of Dilaudid is unaccounted for.
- 26. Patient 11: On June 11, 2009, Respondent was not assigned to this patient. The patient had physician orders for .5 mg (IV) Dilaudid. On June 11, 2009 at 0618 hours, Respondent removed from the Acudose machine for this patient 1 mg carpuject syringe of Dilaudid. Approximately 8 minutes later, at 0626 hours, Respondent removed another 1 mg

carpuject syringe of Dilaudid for this patient from the Acudose machine. Respondent charted wastage of .5 mg of Dilaudid at 0626 hours. However, she failed to document administration of the remaining 1.5 mg of Dilaudid on the patient's MAR. There is no documentation of wastage for the remaining 1.5 mg of Dilaudid. Therefore, 1.5 mg of Dilaudid are unaccounted for.

- 27. Patient 12: On June 13, 2009, this patient had physician orders for .5 mg (IV) of Dilaudid prn (as needed) for pain. On June 13, 2009, Respondent was not assigned to this patient, however, there were three discovered discrepancies as follows:
- a. On June 13, 2009 at 0219 hours, Respondent removed 1 mg carpuject syringe of Dilaudid from the Acudose machine for this patient. Respondent failed to document administration of this medication on the patient's MAR. There is no documentation of wastage of this medication. Thus, 1 mg of Dilaudid is unaccounted for.
- b. On June 13, 2009 at 0554 hours, Respondent removed 1 mg carpuject syringe of Dilaudid from the Acudose machine for this patient. Respondent documented administration of .5 mg of Dilaudid at 0600 hours on the patient's MAR. However, Respondent failed to document wastage of the remaining .5 mg of Dilaudid. Respondent failed to document administration of the remaining .5 mg of Dilaudid on the patient's MAR. Thus, .5 mg of Dilaudid is unaccounted for.
- c. On June 13, 2009 at 0745 hours, Respondent removed 1 mg carpuject syringe of Dilaudid from the Acudose machine for this patient. At the time of this removal, Respondent was off-duty. Respondent failed to document administration of this medication on the patient's MAR. There is no record of wastage of the medication. Therefore, 1 mg of Dilaudid is unaccounted for.
- 28. Patient 13: On June 2, 2009, Respondent was not assigned to this patient. This patient had physician's orders for 1 mg (IV) of Dilaudid. On June 2, 2009 at 0545 hours, Respondent removed 1 mg carpuject syringe of Dilaudid from the Acudose machine for this patient. Respondent failed to document administration of this medication on the patient's MAR. There is no record of wastage of the medication. Therefore, 1 mg of Dilaudid is unaccounted for.

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1	3. Taking such other and further action as deemed necessary and proper.
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4	9/a/m / 2 0-1
5	DATED: LOUISE R. BAILEY, M.ED., RN
6	Interim Executive Officer  Board of Registered Nursing  Department of Consumer Affairs
7	Department of Consumer Affairs State of California Complainant
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Accusation